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Acquisition of citizenship by birth or descent by persons born on or after appointed day
Persons naturalized or registered as resident before appointed day
Persons entitled to be registered as citizens
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Citizenship

DETECTION OF PRINCIPLES

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ARRANGEMENT OF SECTIONS

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PART I

CHAPTER VI

COMPOSITION OF PARLIAMENT

Section 1.

There shall be a Parliament of Malta which shall consist of the President and a House of Representatives.

Section 2.

Subject to the provisions of this Chapter, the composition of Parliament shall consist of such number of members as the House of Representatives may determine.

Section 3.

Subject to the provisions of section 2 of this Constitution, a person shall be elected as Speaker of the House of Representatives if he or she is a member of the House of Representatives and is elected by a majority of those present and voting.

Section 4.

If any member who is a member of the House of Representatives is elected as Speaker of the House of Representatives, a person shall be elected as a member of the House of Representatives from the list of candidates nominated by the party or parties in the Cabinet, the number of members to be elected being determined by the number of members of the House of Representatives and the number of members of the Parliament to be elected being more than any party or parties.

Section 5.

A person appointed to assume the functions of the President shall take the oath of office before the House of Representatives under subsection (1) of section 2 of this Constitution.

Section 6.

Any person appointed to the office of Speaker shall take the oath of office before the House of Representatives.

Section 7.

A person appointed to assume the functions of the President shall take the oath of office before the House of Representatives.
members of the House of Representatives, being the elected or appointed members of the House of Representatives by or under any law for the time being in force in Malta, or by resolution of the House of Representatives of the country of which the electors or appointees of the House of Representatives are members, or by any other law of the country of which the electors or appointees of the House of Representatives are members, being the holders of the said office or a party to a contract with the Government of Malta, are termed "Speaker of the House of Representatives". (b)

(ii) if it is disfranchised for membership of the House of Representatives or the composition or election of the Government of Malta, or by resolution of the House of Representatives of the country of which the electors or appointees of the House of Representatives are members, or by any other law of the country of which the electors or appointees of the House of Representatives are members, being the holders of the said office or a party to a contract with the Government of Malta, are termed "Deputy Speaker".

(iii) if it is disfranchised for membership of the House of Representatives or the composition or election of the Government of Malta, or by resolution of the House of Representatives of the country of which the electors or appointees of the House of Representatives are members, or by any other law of the country of which the electors or appointees of the House of Representatives are members, being the holders of the said office or a party to a contract with the Government of Malta, are termed "Speaker of the House of Representatives".

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The election of members of the House of Representatives shall be free of illegal or corrupt practices and
shall be conducted in secret, and no member or officer of the House of Representatives shall be
present during the election of members of the House of Representatives.

(2) The member of the House of Representatives who receives the highest number of electoral
votes shall be elected a member of the House of Representatives.

(3) If a member of the House of Representatives is unable to attend the meeting of the House of
Representatives, any member of the House of Representatives may appoint a substitute.

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(40) If a member of the House of Representatives is unable to attend the meeting of the House of
Representatives, any member of the House of Representatives may appoint a substitute.
representatives of the House of Representatives at the election of members of the House of Representatives in any election, any law shall not be deemed to interfere with the right of any person to cast a valid vote at such election.

The Constitution was referred to the Constitutional Court for its decision.

The Constitutional Court, in any case in which an election is suspended under subsection (5) of this section, shall, before the date of the election, issue an order to the effect that the election shall not be held on the day fixed by law for the holding of the election, and that the election shall be held on a day fixed by the Constitutional Court.

The election shall be held on a day fixed by the Constitutional Court.

The election shall be held on a day fixed by the Constitutional Court.
Representations.

Representatives shall be elected by the free vote of the electors of the House of Representatives elected for the representation of such a constituency as the Legislature of the State may from time to time by law provide for the purpose of such representation, and such representation shall be by general and equal suffrage, without distinction of race, color, sex, or previous condition of servitude, and shall not be diminished by Congress without the consent of the legislature of the State.
Speaker: as the case may be.

Position of the Speaker of the House of Representatives.

When the House First Meets After any Dissolution of Parliament:

(a) If in the case of a Speaker elected from among the members of the House, the Speaker is appointed to be a Minister of a

(b) In the case of a Speaker elected from among the members of the House of Representatives, who are not members of the House of Representatives, but are members of the

(c) If the Speaker is not a member of the House of Representatives, the Speaker shall not remain in the office of Speaker of the House of Representatives, but shall remain in the office of Speaker of the House of Representatives, until the Speaker is appointed to be a Minister of a

(d) In the case of a Speaker elected from among the members of the House of Representatives, the Speaker shall not remain in the office of Speaker of the House of Representatives, but shall remain in the office of Speaker of the House of Representatives, until the Speaker is appointed to be a Minister of a

(e) If the Speaker is not a member of the House of Representatives, the Speaker shall not remain in the office of Speaker of the House of Representatives, but shall remain in the office of Speaker of the House of Representatives, until the Speaker is appointed to be a Minister of a

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(k) In the case of a Speaker elected from among the members of the House of Representatives, the Speaker shall not remain in the office of Speaker of the House of Representatives, but shall remain in the office of Speaker of the House of Representatives, until the Speaker is appointed to be a Minister of a

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(y) In the case of a Speaker elected from among the members of the House of Representatives, the Speaker shall not remain in the office of Speaker of the House of Representatives, but shall remain in the office of Speaker of the House of Representatives, until the Speaker is appointed to be a Minister of a

(z) In the case of a Speaker elected from among the members of the House of Representatives, the Speaker shall not remain in the office of Speaker of the House of Representatives, but shall remain in the office of Speaker of the House of Representatives, until the Speaker is appointed to be a Minister of a
shall have effect:

(3) Any provision by Parliament altering the population in pursuance of any law is not to be construed in any manner to reduce the number of electoral divisions or to impair the functions of the Electoral Commission.

(4) The Electoral Commission shall consist of a member of the Parliament or a person who is a physician, and who is appointed by the President to hold office as a member of the Electoral Commission.

(5) The Electoral Commission shall consist of an odd number of members and a majority of the members shall be appointed by the President.

(6) The provisions of this section shall not be construed to reduce the number of electoral divisions or to impair the functions of the Electoral Commission.

(7) The Electoral Commission shall consist of a member of the Parliament or a person who is a physician, and who is appointed by the President to hold office as a member of the Electoral Commission.

(8) If any section of this Act, the President shall be satisfied that the election of the members of Parliament has been held in accordance with the provisions of this Act.

(9) The provisions of this section shall not be construed to reduce the number of electoral divisions or to impair the functions of the Electoral Commission.
This function as a member of the House of Representatives shall cease upon the dissolution of the House of Representatives:

(1) any person has been validly elected as a member of the House of Representatives; or

(2) the House of Representatives has been dissolved by the President of Malta.

The President of Malta, in his discretion, may dissolve the House of Representatives, if he is of the opinion that such dissolution is necessary to the public interest.

Provided that any such dissolution may be made in accordance with the provisions of this section only during the interval of three months prior to the date on which the next general election to the House of Representatives is to be held.

(4) Any person has been validly elected as a member of the House of Representatives shall cease to hold the office of member of the House of Representatives as from the date of such dissolution.

(5) Any such dissolution shall come into effect upon the instrument of the instrument of the dissolution of the House of Representatives being received by the President of Malta, or on the first day of the following calendar month, whichever comes first:

Provided that the President, in his discretion, may dissolve the House of Representatives if he is of the opinion that such dissolution is necessary to the public interest.

63. Any election whereby a person has been validly elected as a member of the House of Representatives shall cease to have effect:

(1) at any election held under any law for the time being in force for the election of members of the House of Representatives;

(2) upon the dissolution of the House of Representatives;

(3) upon the dissolution of the Electoral Commission;

(4) upon the dissolution of the General Election Commission.

64. The dissolution of the general election commission following the next general election shall be subject to the provisions of this section and any other law for the time being in force.

(4) The conduct of elections in every electoral division shall be subject to the provisions of this section and any other law for the time being in force.

Provided that the President, in his discretion, may dissolve the House of Representatives in accordance with the provisions of this section if he is of the opinion that such dissolution is necessary to the public interest.

65. Any such dissolution shall come into effect upon the instrument of the dissolution of the House of Representatives being received by the President of Malta, or on the first day of the following calendar month, whichever comes first:

Provided that the President, in his discretion, may dissolve the House of Representatives if he is of the opinion that such dissolution is necessary to the public interest.

Provided that any such dissolution may be made in accordance with the provisions of this section only during the interval of three months prior to the date on which the next general election to the House of Representatives is to be held.

(4) Any person has been validly elected as a member of the House of Representatives shall cease to hold the office of member of the House of Representatives as from the date of such dissolution.
Constitution (c) of section 76 of this Constitution

of subsection or subsection (4) of this section:

(3) In so far as others —

Representatives shall enjoy freedom from arrest or

No trial of criminal proceedings may be

Representatives and the members thereof:

Parliament may make laws for the peace, order and
good government of Malta.

Powers and Procedure of Parliament

PART 2

shall be public officers.

Representatives and the offices of the members of this House

The office of the Clerk to the House of

There shall be a Clerk to the House of

Court in accordance with the provisions of any law for the time

shall be referred to and determined by the constitutional

Speaker,

shall be public officers.

The Clerk or any officer of the

Constitution of Malta